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B.Pharm Syllabus

Semester II

Course Code	Name of the course		No. of hours per week (L/P)	Credit points
BP201T	Applied Biostatistics and Data Analytics for Pharmaceutical Sciences (Theory)		2	2
BP202T	Biochemistry (Theory)		3	3
BP203T	Human Anatomy, Physiology and Pathophysiology II (Theory)		4	4
BP204T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry (Theory)		4	4
BP205T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry (Theory)		4	4
BP206T	Physical Pharmaceutics (Theory)		3	3
BP207P	Biochemistry (Practical)		3	1
BP208P	Human Anatomy, Physiology and Pathophysiology II (Practical)		3	1
BP209P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry (Practical)		3	1
BP210P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry (Practical)		3	1
BP211P	Physical Pharmaceutics (Practical)		3	1
BP212P SEC*	BP212P SEC1	Communication Skills	2	1
	BP212P SEC2	Mental Well-Being, Stress & Conflict Management		
	BP212P SEC3	Fundamentals of Computer Operations		
Total			37	26

* Only one elective course shall be selected
The syllabi for elective subjects are given in the *appendix*

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Course Code	Course Title			Course Type
BP201T	Applied Biostatistics and Data Analytics for Pharmaceutical Sciences (Theory)			Core
Credit	Hours Per Week (L-T-P)			Max. Hours
	L	T	P	
2	2	--	--	30
Maximum Marks	SE			ESE
50	20			30

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of this course are to:

1. Explain fundamental statistical concepts relevant to pharmaceutical sciences.
2. Develop the ability to interpret clinical and experimental data scientifically.
3. Apply statistical methods for analysing pharmaceutical and biomedical data.
4. Demonstrate the use of Python-based tools for statistical analysis and data handling.
5. Recognize the role of statistical analysis in evidence-based decision making and machine learning applications in healthcare.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

CO No.	Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
1	Classify pharmaceutical data using appropriate descriptive statistics.
2	Apply probability concepts and statistical distributions in clinical and pharmaceutical contexts.
3	Perform sampling and hypothesis testing for decision-making in research.
4	Analyze correlation and regression relationships in pharmaceutical datasets.
5	Demonstrate statistical analysis using Python and interpret outputs appropriately.

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit No.	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Descriptive Statistics - Types of data in pharmaceutical sciences (nominal, ordinal, interval, ratio) - Sources of data in pharmacy: clinical trials, pharmacovigilance, quality control, PK studies - Measures of central tendency: mean, median, mode, their calculation and interpretation	6 hours

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	- Measures of dispersion (range, variance, standard deviation) and their interpretation using pharmaceutical data - Skewness and understanding distribution shape in biological measurements - Perform descriptive statistical analysis using Python libraries such as NumPy and Pandas, with focus on Interpretation of results	
II	Probability & Statistical Distributions in Healthcare - Basic probability concepts and laws (addition and multiplication rules), conditional probability and its interpretation - Bayes' theorem and its application in clinical decision-making - Concept of random variables (discrete and continuous) - Normal distribution and its importance in biological and pharmaceutical measurements, - Binomial distribution demonstrating applications in clinical trial outcomes - Poisson distribution for modeling rare events such as adverse drug reactions - Graphical visualization of these probability distributions using Python	6 hours
III	Sampling & Statistical Inference - Population versus sample, sampling techniques used in clinical research, Sampling error and bias - Conceptual understanding of the Central Limit Theorem - Confidence intervals and their interpretation - Hypothesis testing framework (null and alternative hypotheses) - Type I and Type II errors, p-value and statistical significance - Demonstration, calculation and interpretation of these parameters using python with pharmaceutical data	6 hours
IV	Basics of Correlation & Regression Conceptual understanding of the following concepts with emphasis on their interpretation- - correlation and Pearson correlation coefficients - Interpretation of positive and negative correlations - Scatter plots and trend visualization using pharmaceutical data such as dose-response relationships - Simple linear regression concept, interpretation of regression coefficients - Introduction to odds ratio and its application in clinical risk analysis	6 hours
V	Statistical Analysis Using Python – Case based learning - Demonstration of descriptive statistics, correlation analysis and linear regression using Python libraries- SciPy / Statsmodels / Scikit-learn on pharmaceutical datasets - Interpretation of the output summaries and p-values - Preparation of statistical reports	6 hours

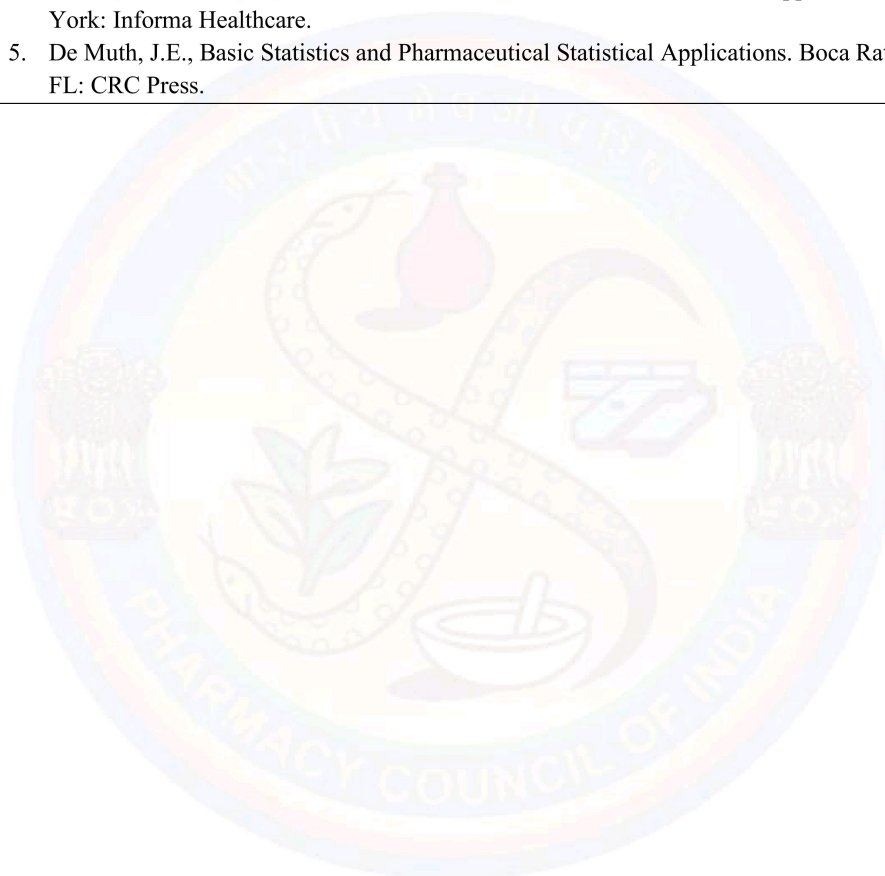
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Recommended References (*Preferably Latest Editions*):

1. Lane, D.M., Introduction to Statistics. Houston: Rice University. Available at: <https://onlinestatbook.com/2/index.html>
2. Walters, S.J., Campbell, M.J. and Machin, D., Medical Statistics: A Textbook for the Health Sciences. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley-Blackwell.
3. Rowe, P., Essential Statistics for the Pharmaceutical Sciences. London: Pharmaceutical Press.
4. Bolton, S. and Bon, C., Pharmaceutical Statistics: Practical and Clinical Applications. New York: Informa Healthcare.
5. De Muth, J.E., Basic Statistics and Pharmaceutical Statistical Applications. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.



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Course Code	Course Title			Course Type
BP202T	Biochemistry (Theory)			Core
Credit	Hours Per Week (L-T-P)			Max. Hours
	L	T	P	
3	3	--	--	45
Maximum Marks	SE			ESE
75	30			45

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are to:

1. Know about enzymology and various tests in clinical chemistry
2. Understand the biochemical pathways and clinical relevance of carbohydrate, lipid and protein metabolism.
3. Describe energetics and biological oxidation.
4. Explain amino acid and protein metabolism
5. Understand Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO No.	Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1	Explain the principles of enzymology and various tests in clinical chemistry
CO2	Describe the classification, the classification, structure, and functions of major biomolecules such as carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids, enzymes, and vitamins.
CO3	Explain the principles of bioenergetics, biological oxidation, and the overview of metabolic pathways of biomolecules, along with their clinical significance.
CO4	Understand metabolism of lipid and its significance.
CO5	Understand metabolism of proteins & its significance and monitoring of metabolic and organ-specific disorders.

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit No.	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Enzymology a. Introduction, properties, nomenclature, and IUB classification of enzymes and coenzymes. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Lineweaver–Burk plot). Enzyme inhibitors with examples. Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzyme regulation.	10

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	Therapeutic and diagnostic application of enzymes and isoenzymes. Factors affecting enzyme activity. Digestion, absorption function of dietary Macro and Micronutrients, including Vitamins and Minerals, Biochemical functions of vitamins and associated diseases. b. Clinical Chemistry: Liver function tests (routinely performed tests based on liver function). Renal function tests (routinely performed tests based on kidney function, ELISA test)	
II	a. Introduction about biomolecules – Introduction of carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids, amino acids and proteins. b. Bioenergetics: Concept of free energy; relationship between free energy, enthalpy, and entropy; redox potential; energy-rich compounds (ATP, GTP, etc.) and their biological significance. c. Carbohydrate Metabolism and their role in diabetes mellitus: Overview and significance of major pathways: Glycolysis, Citric Acid Cycle (TCA), Gluconeogenesis, Hexose Monophosphate (HMP) shunt, and Glycogen metabolism; regulation of blood glucose levels; metabolic adaptations during fed state, fasting, and prolonged starvation; metabolic derangements in diabetes mellitus and related disorders. d. Biological Oxidation: Electron Transport Chain (ETC), oxidative phosphorylation, and mechanisms of ATP synthesis; regulation and clinical implications of mitochondrial dysfunction and oxidative stress.	10
III	Lipid metabolism a. Classification, functions, and properties of lipids and lipoproteins (HDL, LDL, VLDL, chylomicrons) b. β -oxidation and de-novo synthesis of fatty acids: Ketone bodies: synthesis, utilization, and clinical significance c. Biological significance of cholesterol, lipid profile, and its clinical significance d. Disorders associated with lipid metabolism: Hyperlipidaemias and hypercholesterolemia, lipid storage diseases, atherosclerosis, fatty liver disease, and obesity	7
IV	Amino acids and protein metabolism a. Classification and Biological Functions: Classification and physiological roles of amino acids. Structure and functions of proteins and plasma proteins b. General Metabolism of Amino Acids: Transamination, oxidative and non-oxidative deamination, decarboxylation. Urea cycle – nitrogen disposal and detoxification. Fate of carbon skeletons of amino acids (glucogenic vs ketogenic). c. Catabolism of Specific Amino Acids and Related Disorders: Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders	10

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	(Phenylketonuria, Albinism, Alkaptonuria, Tyrosinemia) and Inborn errors of branched chain and aromatic amino acids d. Biochemical significance of neurotransmitters and hormones derived from amino acids: 5-HT (serotonin), melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline e. Catabolism of heme and related disorders (jaundice).	
V	Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer a. Nucleotide Metabolism and their related disorders: Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides. Catabolism of purine nucleotides (uric acid formation). Clinical significance of Hyperuricemia and Gout. b. Genome Structure and Central Dogma: Organization of the mammalian genome. Introduction to DNA replication, Transcription, and Translation. c. Genetic Code and Regulation of Protein Synthesis: Properties of the genetic code: Inhibitors of transcription and translation (antibiotics, toxins) d. DNA Repair and Related Disorders: DNA damage types, Repair mechanisms. Overview of clinical disorders associated with faulty DNA repair.	8

Recommended References (*Preferably latest editions*):

1. Nelson, D.L., Cox, M.M. and Hoskins, A., *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry*. New York: W.H. Freeman.
2. Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M. and Weil, P.A., *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.
3. Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Weil, P.A., *Harper's Biochemistry*. New York: McGraw-Hill.
4. Voet, D. and Voet, J.G., *Biochemistry*. New York: John Wiley & Sons.
5. Devlin, T.M., *Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations*. New York: Wiley-Liss.
6. Satyanarayana, U. and Chakrapani, U., *Biochemistry*. Kolkata: Books and Allied (P) Ltd.
7. Stryer, L., *Biochemistry*. New York: W.H. Freeman.

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BP203T	Human Anatomy, Physiology and Pathophysiology II (Theory)			Core
Credit	Hours Per Week (L-T-P)			Max. Hours
	L	T	P	
4	4	--	--	60
Maximum Marks	SE			ESE
100	40			60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are to:

1. Understand the anatomy and physiology of major body systems.
2. Learn mechanisms of neurological, gastrointestinal, respiratory, renal, endocrine, and reproductive functions.
3. Identify common pathophysiological conditions affecting each organ system.
4. Correlate structural and functional abnormalities with disease symptoms.
5. Equip students with foundational knowledge for interpreting disease processes and planning rational pharmacotherapy.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO No.	Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
1	Describe the structural organization of the nervous, gastrointestinal, respiratory, urinary, endocrine and reproductive systems.
2	Explain the physiological mechanisms that regulate the functions of nervous, endocrine and reproductive systems.
3	Illustrate the etiology and development of common diseases affecting different organ systems including cancer.
4	Analyze the pathophysiological alterations associated with disorders of the nervous, gastrointestinal, respiratory, renal and endocrine systems.
5	Interpret clinical manifestations and case findings related to organ system dysfunctions.

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Detailed Syllabus:

Unit No.	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Nervous System a) Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fibre, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse and neurotransmitters. Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid. Structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem and cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts, reflex activity). b) Pathophysiology of epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, migraine, depression, schizophrenia, Alzheimer's disease and meningitis.	14
II	Gastrointestinal System a) Anatomy of GI tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of stomach (acid production in the stomach and its regulation through parasympathetic nervous system; role of pepsin in protein digestion). Anatomy and functions of small intestine and large intestine. Anatomy and functions of salivary glands, pancreas and liver. Movements of GIT, digestion and absorption of nutrients. b) Pathophysiology of inflammatory bowel diseases, peptic ulcer, jaundice, hepatitis, typhoid and alcoholic and non alcoholic fatty liver disease	12
III	a) Respiratory System Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of lungs. Mechanism of respiration and regulation of respiration. Lung volumes and capacities, transport of respiratory gases, artificial respiration and resuscitation methods. b) Pathophysiology of asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases and tuberculosis. c) Urinary System Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to anatomy of kidney and nephrons. Functions of kidney and urinary tract. Physiology of urine formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid-base balance. Role of Renin Angiotensin Aldosterone System in kidney. d) Pathophysiology of acute and chronic renal failure and urinary tract infections.	12
IV	Endocrine System a) Classification of hormones and mechanism of hormone action. Structure and functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas, pineal gland and thymus. b) Pathophysiology of diabetes, hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism, goitre and polycystic ovary syndrome.	10

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V	Reproductive System and Cancer a) Anatomy of male and female reproductive system. Functions of male and female reproductive system, sex hormones, physiology of menstruation, fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition. b) Pathophysiology of sexually transmitted diseases: AIDS, syphilis and gonorrhea. c) Etiology and pathogenesis of cancer.	12
Recommended References (Preferably latest editions): 1. Wilson, K.J.W., <i>Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness</i> . Churchill Livingstone, New York. 2. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., <i>Principles of Anatomy and Physiology</i> . Palmetto, GA, U.S.A. 3. Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E., <i>Textbook of Medical Physiology</i> . Elsevier. 4. Chatterjee, C.C., <i>Human Physiology (Vol. I & II)</i> . Academic Publishers, Kolkata. 5. Mohan, H., <i>Textbook of Pathology</i> . Jaypee Publishers. 6. Porth, C.M., <i>Pathophysiology: Concepts of Altered Health States</i> . Lippincott Williams & Wilkins. 7. Kumar, V., Abbas, A.K., Aster, J.C. and Deyrup, A.T., <i>Robbins and Kumar Basic Pathology</i> . Elsevier.		

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Course Code	Course Title			Course Type
BP204T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry (Theory)			Core
Credit	Hours Per Week (L-T-P)			Max. Hours
	L	T	P	
4	4	--	--	60
Maximum Marks	SE			ESE
100	40			60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are to:

1. Develop a clear understanding of the chemistry of saturated hydrocarbons.
2. Study the chemistry and reactions of unsaturated hydrocarbons.
3. Understand the chemistry and reaction mechanisms of alkyl halides.
4. Explain the chemistry of aromatic hydrocarbons and their derivatives.
5. Provide an understanding of carbonyl compounds and fundamental organic reaction mechanisms relevant to pharmaceuticals.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO No.	Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
1	Describe the chemical reactions and mechanisms of aliphatic saturated hydrocarbons.
2	Explain the reactions and mechanisms of aliphatic unsaturated hydrocarbons.
3	Understand nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions of alkyl halides.
4	Explain electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions and the effect of substituents.
5	Apply knowledge of carbonyl compounds and reaction mechanisms in pharmaceutical chemistry.

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Detailed Syllabus:

Unit No.	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Aliphatic Saturated Hydrocarbons – Alkanes • Methods of preparation: Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's reaction, Clemmensen reduction, Wolff–Kishner reduction • Chemical reactions of alkanes • Mechanism of free radical substitution (halogenation) • Pharmaceutical applications of alkanes: Liquid paraffin, soft paraffin, hard paraffin Cycloalkanes • Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations • Coulson–Moffitt modification • Sachse–Mohr theory	12
II	Aliphatic Unsaturated Hydrocarbons – Alkenes • Methods of preparation: ◦ Dehydration of alcohols ◦ Dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides ◦ Dehalogenation of vicinal dihalides ◦ Wittig reaction • Chemical reactions of alkenes • Mechanism of electrophilic addition reactions • Markovnikov's and anti-Markovnikov's rule • Ozonolysis Conjugated Dienes • Stability of conjugated dienes • Mechanism of Diels–Alder reaction Electrophilic and free radical addition reactions • 1,2- and 1,4-addition reactions	12
III	Alkyl Halides • Nucleophilic substitution reactions: SN1 and SN2 ◦ Mechanism, kinetics, substrate structure, solvent effect, stereochemistry • Elimination reactions: E1 and E2 ◦ Mechanism, kinetics, substrate structure, solvent effect, stereochemistry • Zaitsev's (Saytzeff's) rule with examples • Comparison of substitution vs elimination reactions	12

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IV	: Benzene and Its Derivatives – - • IUPAC nomenclature of mono- and di-substituted benzene derivatives • Structure of benzene • Molecular orbital picture and resonance • Aromaticity and Hückel's rule • Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions: ◦ Nitration ◦ Halogenation ◦ Friedel–Crafts alkylation and its limitations ◦ Friedel–Crafts acylation ◦ Sulphonation and desulphonation • Effect of substituents on reactivity and orientation	12
V	Carbonyl Compounds - Aldehydes and Ketones • Preparation and properties of carbonyl compounds • Nucleophilic addition reactions • Aldol condensation and crossed aldol condensation • Cannizzaro and crossed Cannizzaro reactions • Benzoin and Perkin condensation • Oxidation and reduction reactions • Pharmaceutical applications of carbonyl compounds: Chloral, Paraldehyde, Ketoprofen	12
Recommended References (Preferably latest editions): 1. Morrison, R.T., Boyd, R.N. and Bhattacharjee, S.K., <i>Organic Chemistry</i>. Pearson Education India. 2. Finar, I.L., <i>Organic Chemistry, Vol. I</i>. Pearson Books. 3. Bahl, B.S. and Bahl, A., <i>Textbook of Organic Chemistry</i>. S. Chand & Company. 4. Furniss, B.S., <i>Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry</i>.		

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Course Code	Course Title			Course Type
BP205T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry (Theory)			Core
Credit	Hours Per Week (L-T-P)			Max. Hours
	L	T	P	
4	4	--	--	60
Maximum Marks	SE			ESE
100	40			60

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are to:

1. Understand major metabolic pathways and the biogenetic origin of primary and secondary phytoconstituents, including the use of modern tools for pathway studies.
2. Study and interpret the pharmacognostic features of crude drugs containing primary metabolites such as carbohydrates, proteins/enzymes, and lipids.
3. Study and interpret the pharmacognostic features of crude drugs containing secondary metabolites such as alkaloids, glycosides, tannins, resins, volatile oils, flavonoids, phenolics, and terpenoids.
4. Impart knowledge of conventional and modern extraction techniques and enable selection of appropriate extraction methods.
5. Develop competency in isolation, identification, characterization, and quality evaluation of medicinal plants and botanicals.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO No.	Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
1	Describe biosynthetic pathways and genetic tools involved in phytoconstituent production.
2	Classify and explain drugs containing primary and secondary metabolites.
3	Apply traditional and modern extraction and isolation methods.
4	Explain qualitative and quantitative analysis of plant metabolites.
5	Evaluate identity, purity, and quality of herbal raw materials.

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B.Pharm Syllabus

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit No.	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Metabolic Pathways and Biogenetic Studies – Brief study of basic metabolic pathways and biosynthesis of secondary metabolites including: • Shikimic acid pathway • Acetate pathway • Amino acid pathways Utilization of radioactive isotopes in biogenetic studies. Introduction to pathway prediction tools and modern genetic tools such as CRISPR/Cas9 .	10
II	Primary Metabolites – General classification and identification tests Pharmacognostic study (biological source, distribution, identifying characters, chemical constituents, specific tests, therapeutic uses, and commercial applications) of: Carbohydrates: • Acacia, • Agar • Tragacanth • Honey Proteins and Enzymes: • Gelatin • Casein • Proteolytic enzymes: Papain, Bromelain, Serratiopeptidase, Urokinase, Streptokinase, Pepsin Lipids (Waxes, Fats, Fixed Oils): • Castor oil • Olive oil • Cocoa butter • Wool fat • Beeswax	12
III	Secondary Metabolites – General classification and identification tests Pharmacognostic study (biological source, distribution, cultivation of underlined drugs, identifying characters, chemical constituents, specific tests, therapeutic uses, and commercial applications) of: Alkaloids: • Vinca • Rauwolfia	12

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	• Opium Volatile Oils: • Lemongrass • Clove • Cinnamon • Fennel Tannins: • Myrobalans • Catechu • Pomegranate Resins: • Guggul • Asafoetida Glycosides: • Senna • Liquorice • Digitalis Phenylpropanoids and Flavonoids: • Green Tea • Ginkgo • Flax seed Iridoids, Other Terpenoids and Naphthoquinones: • Gentian • Artemisia	
IV	Extraction Methods for Medicinal Plants – Conventional Methods of Extraction: • Infusion • Decoction • Digestion • Maceration • Percolation • Reflux • Distillation • Soxhlet extraction • Successive solvent extraction Modern Methods of Extraction: • Supercritical fluid extraction • Microwave-assisted extraction • Ultrasonic-assisted extraction • Enzyme-assisted extraction • Pressurized liquid extraction	12
V	Overview of Isolation, Identification and Characterization Techniques–	14

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Separation and Isolation Techniques: • Planar chromatography • Column chromatography • Preparative TLC • Flash chromatography Identification Techniques: • Phytochemical tests • Chromatographic techniques • Spectroscopic techniques Fingerprinting of medicinal plants using TLC/HPTLC. Types and significance of markers (phytochemical reference standards). Screening and analysis of major metabolites: • Alkaloids • Glycosides • Saponins • Tannins • Resins • Flavonoids • Phenolics • Steroids	
Recommended References (Preferably latest editions): 1. Dewick, P.M., <i>Medicinal Natural Products: A Biosynthetic Approach</i>. John Wiley & Sons. 2. Evans, W.C., <i>Trease and Evans' Pharmacognosy</i>. W.B. Saunders & Co., London.	

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Course Code	Course Title			Course Type
BP206T	Physical Pharmaceutics (Theory)			Core
Credit	Hours Per Week (L-T-P)			Max. Hours
	L	T	P	
3	3	--	--	45
Maximum Marks	SE			ESE
75	30			45

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this course are to:

1. Provide a comprehensive understanding of the theory and principles of pharmaceutical processes and unit operations involved in drug manufacturing.
2. Impart knowledge of physicochemical phenomena such as solubility, dissolution, interfacial phenomena, rheology, and micromeritics relevant to dosage form design.
3. Develop understanding of colloidal and coarse dispersions, including suspensions and emulsions, and their pharmaceutical applications.
4. Familiarize students with rheological and micromeritic properties of powders and dispersions and their role in formulation development and evaluation.
5. Build a strong foundation for formulation development, process optimization, and quality control of pharmaceutical dosage forms.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO No.	Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
1	Explain and interpret the fundamental principles governing pharmaceutical manufacturing processes and unit operations.
2	Analyze physicochemical properties of drugs and excipients and correlate them with formulation stability, quality, and performance.
3	Apply concepts of interfacial phenomena, colloids, and dispersions in the design and evaluation of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
4	Evaluate and optimize pharmaceutical processes by controlling variables related to rheology, micromeritics, and dispersion systems.
5	Demonstrate foundational competency required for advanced studies in formulation development, industrial pharmacy, and pharmaceutical research.

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Detailed Syllabus:

Unit No.	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Solubility distribution phenomenon & buffers Solubility expression, Solute solvent interactions, Solubility of liquid and liquids, Solubility of solids and liquids, Solubility of Gas in Liquids, Raoult's Law. Factors affecting solubility, Measurement of saturation Solubility, Effect of pH on solubility, Partition Coefficient – Measurement and significance, Critical Solution Temperature and Applications. Introduction to buffers, Buffers in pharmaceutical and biological system, pH determination methods (Electrometry and colorimetry). Buffer equation / Factor influencing the pH of buffer solutions, Factor influencing Buffer capacity, General procedure for preparing buffers, Indicators.	9
II	Interfacial phenomenon Liquid interface: Surface and interfacial tension, surface free energy, Measurement of surface and interfacial tension, Spreading coefficient, surface active agent, HLB, detergency, types of monolayers at liquid surface. Adsorption at solid interface, Liquid Interface (contact angle, activated charcoal and Wetting). Adsorption of surface-active agents. Electric properties of interface / Electric double layer, Nernst and zeta potential effect of electrolytes	8
III	Colloidal and Coarse Dispersion Colloidal dispersions: Types of colloidal dispersions (Lyophobic, Lyophilic, Association colloids), Optical properties of colloids, Kinetic properties of colloids, Electrical properties of colloids, Size and shape of colloidal systems, Stability of colloidal system (peptization and protective action), Application of Colloidal System. Coarse Dispersions: Suspensions, Stokes law (Theory of sedimentation), Effect of Brownian movement / Sedimentation of flocculated particles, sedimentation parameters. Flocculation and controlled structure flocculation. Theories of emulsification and stabilization (DLVO Theory, Monomolecular adsorption, Multimolecular adsorption, Film formation, Solid particle adsorption). Physical instabilities of emulsions (creaming, coalescence and breaking, and phase inversion).	12
IV	Rheological studies Newtonian systems and non-Newtonian systems. Thixotropy – measurement / Bulges and spurs. Negative thixotropy, Determination of rheological properties (Viscometers / single and multi-point). Viscoelasticity, psycho-rheology. Applications of rheology in pharm	8

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V	Micromeritics Particle size and size distribution, Particle Shape and Surface area: Methods for determination and significance. Flow properties of powders: determination, significance and methods of enhancement. Advanced flow properties of powders (Powder flow tester).	8
Recommended References (Preferably latest editions): 1. Sinko, P.J., <i>Martin's Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences</i>. 2. Allen, L.V. and McPherson, T.B., <i>Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems</i>. 3. Adejare, A., <i>Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy</i>. 4. Aulton, M.E. and Taylor, K.M.G., <i>Aulton Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines</i>. Elsevier. 5. Lachman, L. and Libbermann, H.A., <i>The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy</i>. Mendham, J., Denney, R.C., Barnes, J.D. and Thomas, M.J.K., <i>Vogel's Textbook of</i> 6. <i>Quantitative Chemical Analysis</i>. Myers, D., <i>Surfaces, Interfaces, and Colloids: Principles and Applications</i>. Ladisch, M.R., <i>Rheology of Fluid and Semisolid Foods</i>. Springer.		