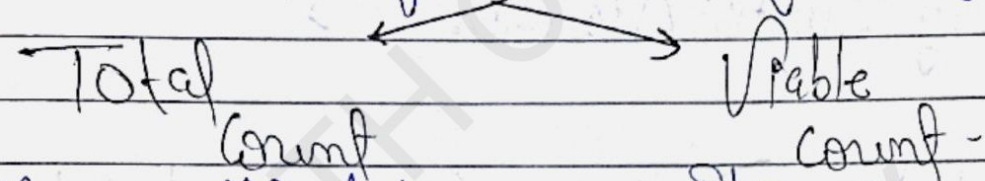


Date: / /

Quantitative Measurement of Bacteria Growth.

- After Inoculation of Bacteria into Medium under suitable condition grow at very rapid rate. [DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

- For calculation of Bacteria we do following procedure \Rightarrow



- Measure all Bacteria either living or died.

- It Measure only living Bacteria which produce colony on a suitable Medium.

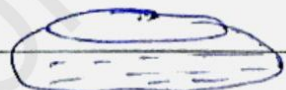
* Total Count \Rightarrow

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

- Direct Method \rightarrow Total Number of Bacteria & its growth is calculated directly by counting the no. of Colonies by using diff. techniques.

* Counting Chamber Method \Rightarrow

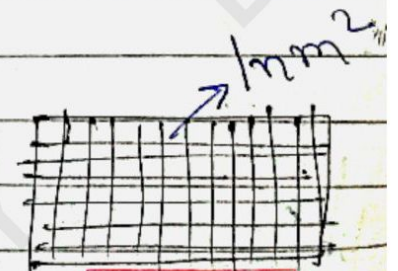
(a) Hemocytometer \rightarrow Used for Prokaryotes or Eukaryotes.

(b) Sample Media \rightarrow 

Hemocytometer \rightarrow

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

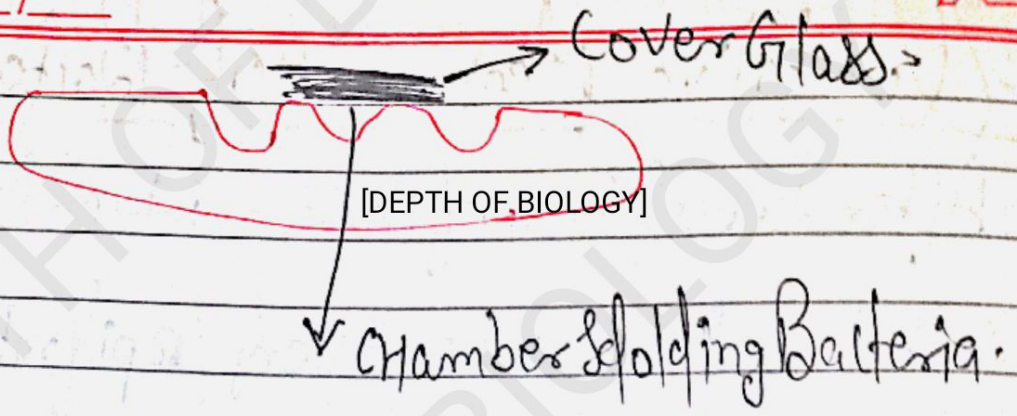
एक Box 1mm^2 का होता है और एक Box में 60 Bact^o approx. होते हैं।
 दो Box Count करके 4th एंटी / 1 Box का



Page No.

60 approx Bact^o grow in each Box.

Colour



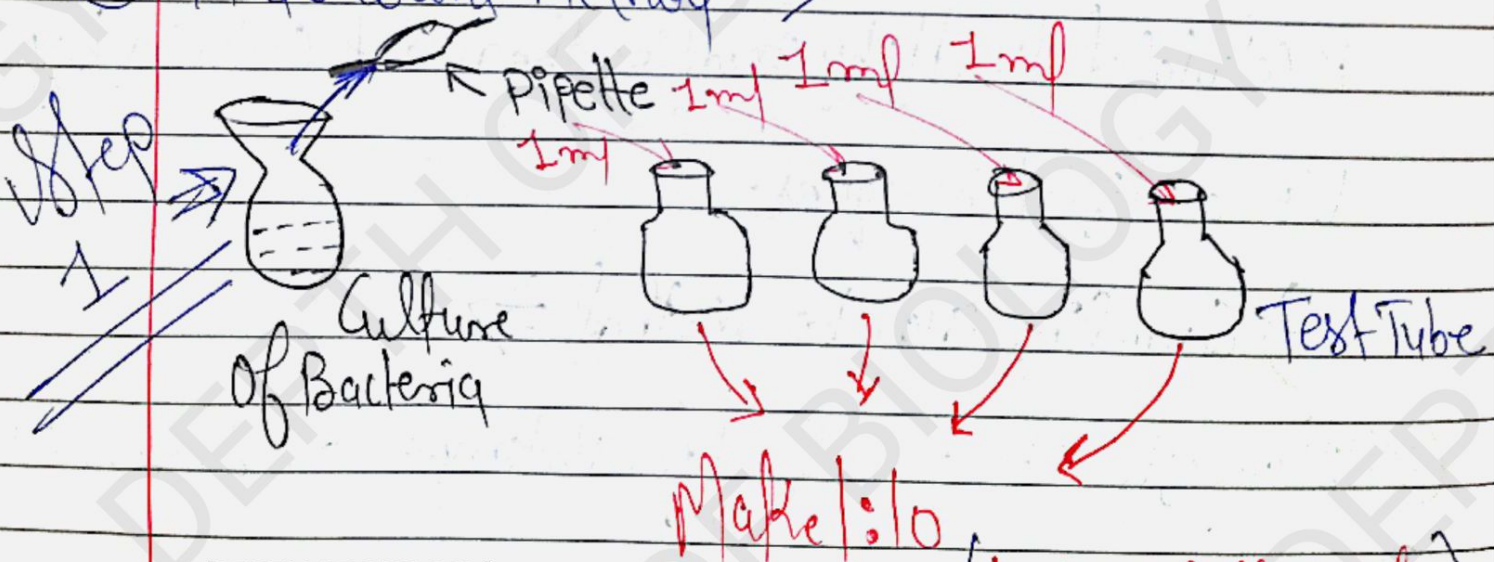
③ Colony Counter Chamber →

Advantage ⇒ Easy or Simple way to calculate.
 Quick method → Inexpensive.

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

Viable Count ⇒

④ Plate Count Method ⇒

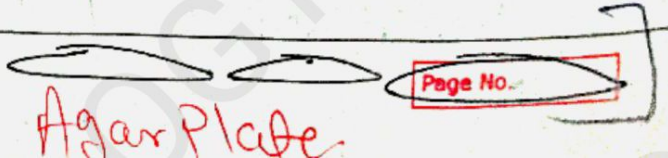


[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

1ml → Culture Soln.
 9ml → distilled H₂O.

Step 2 Mix the Culture media in Agar

Plate by rotating



Date ___ / ___ / ___

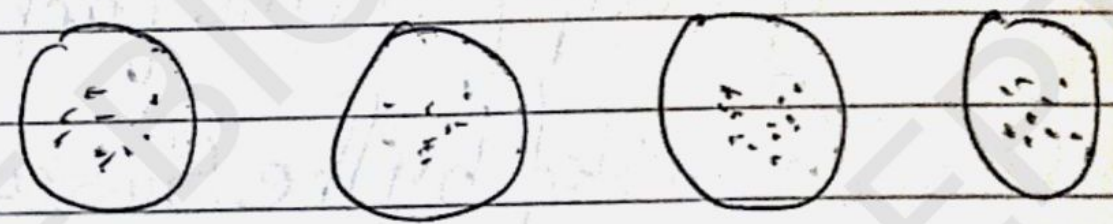
Step 3 → Incubating Them.

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

Step 4 ⇒

Count Plate Containing

30-300 colonies ~~count~~



Step 5 ⇒

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

Calculate Number of Colonies \times Dilution of Sample.

⇒ No. of Bacteria / ml.

x

x