

# Schizophrenia

• splitting of the mind.

NOT → splitting of personality.

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

\* It is a syndrome more common in Men than Women

\* Diff. patient has different symptoms.

Symptoms can be broadly classified into 3 types

## Positive Symptoms

- These are psychotic symptoms
- Delusions
  - ↳ of control
  - ↳ of reference
- Hallucinations
- Disorganized speech
  - ↓ word salad
- Disorganized behaviour
  - ↓ bizarre no purpose
- Catatonic behaviour
  - ↓ movements and response

## Negative Symptoms

- removal of normal process
  - ↓ emotions
  - loss of interest
- one type of neg. symp called
  - ① flat affect
    - ↓ inappropriate response
  - ② Alogia
    - ↓ poverty of speech
  - ③ Avolition
    - ↓ motivation

## Cognitive Symp.

### Affects

- \* Memory
- \* Learning
- \* Understanding

- These symptoms are difficult to notice.

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

## Another Positive symptom

Halluc → 2nd type +ve  
sensation not there (visual auditory)

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

- People with schizophrenia seems to cycle 3 phases.
  - 1. **Predromal Phase** — people spend most time alone
    - \* Depression or anxiety disorder
  - 2. **During Active Phase** — Severe symptoms
    - \* disorganized speech or catatonic behaviour
    - \* Hallucinations
    - \* Delusions
  - 3. **Following in Active Phase** — Patient enters into residual phase
    - ↓  
exhibit cognitive symptoms like not being able to concentrate or withdrawn or alone again

## Causes

Its idiopathic cause is still unknown

- \* Maybe due to ↑se in level of Dopamine
  - Antipsychotic medication is given to reduce the level of dopamine in Neuron - But not always effective
- \* No gene conclusively linked yet.

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

Environment → Early / Parental Infection  
→ Autoimmune Disorders

[DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

## Diagnosis

Patient diagnosed with 2 of the following symptoms

- Delusions [DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]
- Hallucinations
- Disorganized speech
- Disorganized Behaviour
- Negative Symptoms

At least one of these.

# Some patients have cognitive symptoms as well.  
No need of Diagnosis.

## Treatment

\* Difficult [DEPTH OF BIOLOGY]

Antipsychotics are used — are effective but costly  
and give unwanted side effects.